OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1747. [N°. 185.]

Who court the Yoke, and bow the Neck to Cæſar. CATO.

AS the Duke *d'Oſſuna*, who was remarkable for his Wit and Humour, as well in private Converſation as even in the Adminiſtration of the public Affairs of his Government in *Italy* under the King of *Spain*, was paſſing over into *Sicilly* from *Naples*, a Gentleman of his Court, pointing to *Meſſina*, told him it was impregnable. *Yes*, anſwered the Duke, *if the Governor's Heart is ſo.*— In the midſt of all our late boaſted Security againſt all the Efforts of the Enemy upon *Bergen-op-Zoom*, I confeſs I could not reſiſt ſome Doubts that occurr'd to me, as to the Safety of that impregnable Fortreſs, as we were taught to believe of it; tho', at the ſame Time, I could not deny it was ſo, from it's Situation and Strength by Art and Nature. My Apprehenſions were not founded on the Vigilance, Skill, or Power, of the Enemy without; but on the Depravity of a *Dutch* Governor within: Notwithſtanding all the Gloſs with which they varniſh'd over his Knowledge and Experience in the Art of War, I could not forbear miſtruſting that he was tinged with the prevailing Vice of ſuch of his Countrymen who were at the Head of their Affairs, and in the *French* Intereſt; more eſpecially, when I reflected on the ſcandalous Surrender that had been made of the whole *Barrier* Line by Piecemeals, Town after Town, to the Enemy; ſome before Ground was broke up before them! and others before they were regularly inveſted, or even the common Habiliments of a Siege were prepar'd, to give them a colourable Pretence to capitulate, or rather, betray.

How did the *Dutch* News-Papers, and our own from them, bedaub the hoary T——t—r of *T—rn—y* with borrow'd Praiſe, and give us imaginary Details of the Art and Management of his Defence, in the Deſtruction he was ſaid to make among the Beſiegers by the various Mines he ſprung, when there was not one ſingle Operation of that kind made on the Side of the Town, duriug the whole Siege? When we hazarded, very unequally, the Battle of *Fontenoy* to relieve the *devoted* Place, did not the *borgne* Fox lie ſhelter'd and inactive in his Hole; and was ſo far from aiding that hardy Enterprize, or even wiſhing it Succeſs, that he refuſed ſome *Scotch* and *Swiſs* Regiments, then in the Garriſon, the Liberty to attack the Enemy in the Rear during the Heat of the Battle, tho' they manifeſted the Practicableneſs of their Deſign, and preſs'd almoſt to a Mutiny for his Permiſſion? Nay, did he not afterwards reſtrain the noble Ardour of the ſame brave Troops, from the glorious Attempt they had projected of breaking thro' the Enemy, tho' elated with Victory, to join the *Britiſh* Troops, rather than tamely ſurrender themſelves Priſoners of War among the ſtigmatized *Dutch*.

Another old faithleſs Chief, after amuſing us with *Gaſconades* of the Strength of *H—ſt* and his own military Skill and Proweſs, connived at the Approach of the Enemy, and their ſeizing on an advantageous Poſt, ſo as to give him a Colour for betraying the Town into their Hands, with a great Number of *Britiſh* Troops then in Sight of it, who, after a painful March to his Aſſiſtance, received no other Notice of the Enemy's Succeſs than from a furious Firing made upon them from the Ramparts, which, 'till then, they had no Reaſon to believe were in any other Poſſeſſion than that of the Troops they were to ſuccour. The Havoc that was made, on this Surprize, among our deceiv'd Countrymen, thus led into the Slaughter, is not ſo publicly known among us as it could be wiſhed; nor yet the Danger which the gallant ever-active Leader of our Armies, providentially eſcaped at the ſame Time in that baleful Neighbourhood of Perfidy, for the Preſervation of which he had generouſly hazarded his Perſon, and travelled Night and Day, ſo as to make the proper Diſpoſitions of Defence in Aid of the perfidious *Batavian*; on whom every Man of Honour, in every Country, cries aloud for Juſtice, and yet the T—t—r lives!—lives! even to inſult his Proſecutors with a written Scroll of Juſtification of his treacherous Conduct from his Superiors!— I mean, ſo far as to the giving up the Town; but what he has to ſay, as to his barbarouſly deluding our Troops into the Power of the Enemy, I do not know.

There is an analogous Semblance between the Conduct of this Man, and that of a late naval Officer in another Country: Both are charg'd with ill Behaviour and Perfidy, in their reſpective Stations, againſt the Intereſt and Glory of their Country, in Favour of the common Enemy: One is ſaid to have ſacrificed to them one of the fineſt and beſt appointed Fleets that ever graced the Sea! and the other, one of the ſtrongeſt Towns in his Country! both very tranquilly juſtify themſelves under Inſinuations of private Orders from their Superiors, the one before and the other after Trial; to which they were brought with no other Intention than to pacify and amuſe the injur'd Public. The Threats of *This* to diſcover his verbal Orders, rouſed up his Superiors to inſtitute a mock Court to procure him a ſhameleſs Acquittal: *That*, indeed, ſeems to have been found, tho' his Judges dare not pronounce him, guilty; from the public Defiance he makes againſt their Power, which he boaſts can in no wiſe nul the Authority he has in his Pocket for his Juſtification.

Had the Governor of *H—ſt* received the Reward of his Demerits, *Bergen-op-Zoom* had never been taken: The Example of public Juſtice on him, would have been ſufficient to excite the Betrayer of the laſt mentioned Town into a ſtrict Attention of his Duty, ſo as to avoid the Imputation of falling into the ſame Dilemma, and ſuffering the ſame juſt Penalty. The *Turks* knew no other Way of putting a Stop to the Evils of Treaſon againſt the Public, than to reward and puniſh according to Succeſs: It was a Rule among the abſolute Emperors of thoſe Terrifiers of *Aſia* and *Europe*, to ſtrangle a Chief under whom any Enterprize miſcarried, without any Regard to Caſualties, Misfortunes, or even Impoſſibilities; for Succeſs was the only Standard that directed their Judgment: 'Twas to this barbarous Maxim they owed all their great Conqueſts and vaſt Enlargement of Empire; for as they fought with the Bowſtring about their Necks, they fought deſperately! chuſing, rather than ſuffer by that with Infamy after the Battle, to fall in it with Honour in this World, and conſequently, according to their Notion, into the Embraces of *Mahomet* and the Joys of Paradiſe in the next. I mention not this tyranneous Cuſtom to favour or recommend it in the leaſt among Chriſtian Princes; but if any thing can tend to excuſe it, it is the Conduct of ſuch Poltrons as I have mentioned; as there is no coming at them in the ordinary Way of Juſtice.

To prove formally that *Bergen-op-Zoom* was betray'd into the Hands of the Enemy, would be perhaps a Difficulty too impracticable, ſo as to affect a Delinquent according to the common Forms of Law, either in our own or in any other free Country; but ſurely to convince the Conſcience of any Man as to the Truth of it, would be as impertinent to attempt as an Univerſity *Freſhman*'s going about to prove, according to the Rules of Logic, that the Sun reflects a kindly Warmth and Light upon us in *June*; or, that the *Pel'amgæ*, in a certain Country, are very unequal to the high Stations they have uſurped upon their S——v———n, thro' the Support and Aſſiſtance of certain Outlaws, called *Smugglers*, and their *voting* Confederates.

Every Circumſtance that occurr'd in and about the ſtrong Fortreſs of *Bergen*, for the laſt nine Days of the Siege, point out to every thinking Perſon, that the Adventurer, in Arms on the *French* Side, had more effectually battered the *Heart* of the *Governor*, than the Fortifications of the Place intruſted to his Care; ſo that having gained the *Capital Eminence*, which overlook'd the Town, it was no great Difficulty to find a Way into it—while the good Governor was ſleeping away the Fatigues of Induſtry and Care, and dreaming over the joyleſs Scenes of War:—'Twas Pity to diſturb the quiet Slumbers of *Integrity* and venerable hoary Age!———What I lament, almoſt equal with the Loſs of the Town, is the Sacrifice that was made of our brave *Northern* Countrymen engaged in that faithleſs Service, who, *overpowered with Numbers, greatly fell!* dealing Deſtruction round, and breathing their laſt upon Heaps of the ſlaughter'd Foe; while the national Troops, whoſe Buſineſs it more *immediately* was, had, after the Examples of *Fontenoy* and *Lafeldt*, timely taken Care of themſelves, and were run away from the Defence of their own Country, their Eſtates, and Families, even while Defence was not impracticable; O Shame! and among the firſt the *good Governor* himſelf! who never looked behind 'till he had got ſafe to *Oudenboſch*, —nor reflected 'till he had dined; —— and then vouchſafed, in Virtue of his *uſeful* Seniority, to put himſelf at the Head of the Troops there, perhaps to compleat the iniquitous Bargain by delivering up them alſo!

That the *Dutch* have frequently ſold Arms to fight againſt themſelves, is notorious: Hence the Proverb, that a *Dutchman* will ſell a Knife to his Enemy to ſtab himſelf; which is as much as to ſay, their Exceſs of Avarice in Trade is ſuch, that Individuals among them will ſerve their own particular Intereſts at the Expence of that of the Public, tho' more or leſs it muſt affect themſelves in the End. Thus the String of *documented Governors* upon the *Barrier*, in Conjunction with a few T——t—rs at the Helm, have betray'd it into the Hands of the Enemy, from *Furnes* to *Namur*, with all the interior fortify'd Towns extending Eaſtward to *Weſt-Scheld!* and ſtill further, even to their own more immediate *Barrier* Town, on the Frontiers of *Zealand*, the impregnable *Bergen-op Zoom!* or at leaſt might have been ſo, in any other Care than that of a modern *Dutch* Governor, under the Influence of a *French* Faction in the Adminiſtration. To ſuch Perſons who are inclined to excuſe theſe tractable Governors, as having only acted in Obedience to Orders from their Superiors, I anſwer, that no Man of Honour, who had ſerved ſo long in War, would have accepted of a Command to act under private Orders which he knew were derogatory of his Country's Good; a brave Man would have thrown up his Commiſſion, and refuſed the *occaſional* Service of betraying his own Honour and the Glory of his Country! Would any Man in his Senſes, not blinded by Avarice, cloſe up the Scene of his long Life with an

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indelible Stain of Infamy that must attend his Name for ever?—And yet so it is!

In short, after all; as the Fault lies altogether among the Great and Wealthy in the *Dutch* Commonwealth, the Bulk of the People are exceedingly to be pitied, as they have been greatly deceived and imposed upon by a few in Power: They appear to be but too sensible of the approaching Ruin which their *inlisted* Superiors have brought upon them, and therefore have boldly bestirr'd themselves, though late, to wrest Part of their Power out of their corrupt Hands, in the prompt and sudden Election they made of a *Stadtholder*: A Motion wholly their own, without the Participation or Assistance of any Power whatever! and were resolved to perfect it at all Events, for they no sooner found that their *Stadtholder*, as he stood, was very unlikely to answer their Purpose, than they resolved to go on still further, and invest him with Power as well as Dignity; nay, even to make that high Office hereditary in the august House, by which they have been so often sav'd, so as they may never return again under iniquitous Power, and a self-interested Administration composed out of a *French* Faction. Tho' probably these good Measures may effectually answer their Purpose, reanimate their former Courage and Love of Liberty, so as to secure themselves from further Invasions on the Side of *France*; yet it is to be hoped, that due Care may be taken, in the approaching Congress of Peace, to put the *Barrier* upon such a Footing of Certainty as it may be no more betray'd into the Hands of the common Disturber of *Europe*, by *Bargain and Sale*, or other corrupt Ways. I don't presume to point out a Method how it may be done; be that the Care of our Ministers! but that it is requisite to be done is evident, since it is the Bone of Contention that involves us in the Wars of the Princes of the Continent, whenever they are disposed to quarrel with one another; and therefore it is to be particularly and solidly guarded against, so as, if possible, we may have no further Occasion of lavishing away our Blood and Treasure among them again as Principals, chiefly for the Defence of others; tho' it must be admitted it is likewise, in a secondary Manner, for our own Defence; for if we suffer the *French* to enlarge their Dominions in the *Netherlands*, we shall be hardly able to defend our Sea-Coasts against them, as they are a restless, turbulent, and unsatisfied People, full of Art, Perfidy, and Design, and become greatly formidable to our Trade and Navigation.

As we are not a little unequal to them, as we now stand, in the Art of negociating Treaties, and in Foresight of Events, we have Reason to dread the Consequence of a Congress; more especially as we are not like to find one single Friend among all the Ministers that may compose it, for our very Allies will be interested against us, and consequently against strengthening the Hands that defended them: Strange Paradox! and yet true. 'Twas so in negociating the Peace of *Utrecht*, and will be so again upon the like Occasion. How incumbent therefore is it upon us to support our Interest by the ablest Heads in the Nation!—and those are surely so obvious that I need not name them, for the *Two Brothers* will readily occur to every Reader: Should they condescend to become our Plenipotentiaries, what might we not expect from their *Abilities*, their *Skill*, and their *Judgment?* No less, to be sure, than what we want; a just, safe, and *right honourable* Peace: For who can make a Peace so well as those who have so nobly conducted the War, and given our Arms such prodigious Reputation on the Continent.

N. B. *We return the Gentleman Thanks for his Essays on the Liberty of the Press, which shall be printed according to his Desire; and as the Subject is very interesting at this critical Juncture, we are sorry we can't begin before Saturday se'nnight.*

LONDON.

Thursday his Majesty went to the House of Peers with the usual State, attended by his Grace the Duke of Richmond, and the Lord of the Bedchamber in waiting; and being in his Royal Robes seated on the Throne, the Commons were sent for, and being come they presented Arthur Onslow, Esq; to be their Speaker, who was approved of by his Majesty.

After which his Majesty made a most gracious Speech to both Houses.

The same Day the Right Hon Anthony Duncombe, Esq; was introduced, and took the Oaths and his Seat in the House of Peers, by the Name, Stile and Title of Lord Feversham, and Baron of Downton in the County of Wilts.

As did likewise the Right Hon. Sir Jacob Dobovery, by the Name, Stile and Title of Baron of Longford in the County of Wilts, and of Viscount Folkstone in the County of Kent.

As did the Right Hon Sir Harry Liddell, by the Name Stile and Title of Baron of Ravensworth Castle in the County of Durham, and by the Name, Stile and Title of Lord Ravensworth.

As did the Right Hon. Thomas Archer, Esq; by the Name, Stile and Title of Baron of Umberslade, in the County of Warwick.

Monday the Rev. Dr. Hutton, Bishop of Bangor, was presented to his Majesty on being appointed Archbishop of York, in the room of Dr. Herring, presented to the See of Canterbury.

On Friday se'nnight his Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Sir Harry Balendine, Gentleman Usher of the Black-Rod, and he was sworn into his Office accordingly, in the room of Sir Charles Dalton, Knt. deceas'd.

We hear that the Hon. John Forbes, Esq; Son of the Earl of Granard, and Rear-Admiral of his Majesty's Fleet, will be appointed Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships in the West Indies.

The following Particulars, the Daily Papers give us of the gallant Admiral Hawke, who we can assure the Reader with no small Pleasure is not dead or likely to die, will we doubt not be as agreeable to the Public as inoffensive to that worthy Gentleman, who indeed is treated as departed to gratify public Enquiry:—This Gentleman's Father was of Saltash in Cornwall, and a Barrister of Lincoln's-Inn, where the Admiral was born. His Mother (whose present Name is Sharpe, and Sister to the late Col. Bladen, Commissioner of Trade) now lives in York, and is a Native of that County. Mr Hawke was made Captain of the Flamborough Man of War at Jamaica, by Sir Chaloner Ogle, and his Commission bears Date March 20, 1733. He commanded the Berwick Man of War in the Action in the Mediterranean, under Messr. Matthews and Lestock; and when the Trials of those two Admirals were before the late Parliament, all the Witnesses concurred in the gallant Behaviour of Capt. Hawke, who was made a Rear-Admiral at the last Promotion.

On Monday last the Rev. Mr. Humphry Owen, Clerk, M. A. Fellow of Jesus College, Oxford, was chosen Principal Keeper of the Bodleian Library in that University, without Opposition, in the room of Mr. Robert Fisher, M. B. of Oriel-College, lately deceased.

On Saturday last died Mrs. Ball, in Lamb-Alley in Bishopsgate-street, who (according to her own particular Desire) was open'd by Dr. Middleton in the Presence of several eminent Physicians, &c. and a Child found within her, (tho' not in her Womb) where it has lain 16 Years, in which Time she has had four Children all born alive; this Case being so remarkable, the Particulars of it will we hear in a little Time be communicated to the Royal Society, for the Satisfaction and Entertainment of the Curious.

On Monday last died, after a lingering Illness, Colonel Williamson, Governor of Gravesend and Tilbury Fort, and Deputy-Governor of the Tower of London.

We are assured, that Mr. Fraser, who was the chief Evidence against his Master Lord Lovat, and said to be taken by a Number of the rebellious Clan of that Name, in order to be sacrific'd to their Resentment, was then, and is now in London.

A Man was taken up on Tuesday in St. James's Park, for speaking disrespectful Words of the Royal Family. 'Tis said this is he that first reported the Accident pretended to have happened to the 'foremention'd Mr. Fraser, with an evil Intention, as 'tis surmiz'd, to keep up the Fury of the Clan against the said Witness; but 'tis hop'd by all who profess themselves Lovers of Integrity, Uprightness of Heart, &c. &c. that this pernicious Scheme will be render'd perfectly abortive.

We hear from Manchester, that at a late Christening there, the Persons present with the Child were all dressed in Plaid; and that several emblematical Figures were on the Dishes, expressive of the Company's Principles of Disloyalty.

By Letters from the North we have an Account, that the Waters are very much out, and that General Blakeney very nearly escaped drowning, in passing one of their Fords.

By Letters from Baltimore in Ireland we hear, that the Crew of the Old Noll Privateer had mutined at Sea, and put the Captain and Officers in Irons, then brought the Ship into the above Port, where they got on Shore; but being closely pursued by the Captain who alarmed the Country, near 20 of them were taken, and were pursuing the rest.

On the 30th of last Month, in the Evening, some malicious Persons set Fire to a large Barn, and other Buildings, which were full of thrashed and unthrashed Corn, belonging to Sir Thomas Janson, near Tunbridge, all which, with several Implements of Husbandry, were consumed to Ashes; the Loss is said to be very considerable.

A few Days ago Hanbury Williams, Esq; was attacked by two Highwaymen near Acton, and robb'd of his Watch and 40 l.

Last Week Mr. Alderton, a Farmer and Grazier at Brickhill in Buckinghamshire, was attacked by two Highwaymen between Wooburn and Hockley, who robbed him of 75 l. with which they made off.

Last Saturday was committed to Aylesbury Jail, John Short, for a Robbery on the Highway. He is a young Fellow of about Twenty, well-dressed, in a light drab Coat, a ruffled Shirt, and a Gold edge-lac'd Hat; and is suspected of being concerned in divers Robberies, three Watches and two Rings being found upon him.

There is a certain Account that the French Advice-Boat, which was going to the West Indies, with Information of the Departure of the French Fleet from Rochelle, is taken by one of our Men of War, and brought into Cork. She had Orders on board for the Commanders of the French Men of War at Martinico to keep a good Look-out, and protect the Trade.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Henry Collingwood, of the Ship Tyrrel, from Antigua, dated Aug. 19

"After sailing from Portsmouth under the Convoy of his Majesty's Ships the Lark and Warwick, they left us to go to their proper Stations; the Ships in Company made the best of their Way to their proper Ports, and they all sailing better than we, they ran us out of Sight presently, and left me by myself 'till I got in the Latitude of my Port of Antigua, 50 Leagues Distance, when, to my great Surprize, I saw a Ship bearing down upon me, which I found to be a French Privateer of 10 Carriage and 18 Swivel Guns with 160 Men, and engaged me off and on Ten Hours, in which Time I had one Man killed, and three wounded, one I am afraid mortally; and I killed of his 55, among them the Captain and Lieutenant; then she sheered off. Never was a better Ship's Company known than mine. I am now safe at my Port, tho' sadly shattered, and have been received by my Owners in an extraordinary Manner."

By Letters from Boston, of the 10th of October, we are informed, that Admiral Knowles was then arrived there, and has suspended Capt. C——ks; and that the Scarborough Man of War lay at the same time Wind-bound at New-York, which Ship is appointed to bring over the Lady of Sir Peter Warren, Knight of the Bath.

We hear that all the first and second Rate Men of War will, as fast as possible, be reduced to seventy and eighty-gun Ships.

We are assured, that Passports are arrived from the Court of Madrid, for such Persons as shall bring Fish into any of the Ports of Spain, from Newfoundland and Cape Breton, in English Ships.

Letters from Leghorn mention, that an Imbarkation will surely be made from Port-Mahone, in order to reduce the Island of Corsica, which now serves the French and Spaniards to put in at upon Occasion, and that Admiral Byng has ordered all Ships to be searched, whose Crews do not consist of two Thirds of the Subjects of that Power whose Flag they sail under.

The Dauphiness of France being desirous of seeing a Stag-hunting in the Forest of Fontainbleau, was in great Danger of her Life by the Stag's running so near her Calash as to wound two of the Horses, and tear the Tackle and Carriage: The Fright this Accident threw her Royal Highness into may possibly be attended with bad Consequences, if the Report of her being pretty far advanced in her Pregnancy proves not premature.

We are informed by Letters from Holland, that an Answer has been given to the Memorials presented by the French Ministry, which complains in Substance, of the Perfidy of the French Court, who had in the last Century brought the United Provinces to a very low Ebb, but were themselves punished for their wicked Intentions; that it is not doubted but they will again be punished, for what they have lately committed; that their High Mightinesses approve the Conduct of their Admiral, and have condemn'd the French Ship taken by him as lawful Prize; and that they have given Directions to their Subjects to make Reprizals on the French wherever they meet them, &c. &c.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcastle, Nov. 7. Last Saturday Night, on the Shields Road, nigh Byker, Mr. Christopher Ord, was robbed by two Soldiers of 2s. 4d. but Mr. Ord challenged one of the Fellows upon Guard last Monday, who immediately owned the Fact, and discovered his Accomplice; and on Tuesday last they were both commited to Morpeth Jail.

On Monday Morning last, at a Farm-House belonging to George Rippon at Hamsteel, five or six Miles West of Durham, a Boy holding a Candle, accidentally set Fire to some Straw in the Barn; by which the Barn, a Stack of Hay, and five Stacks of Corn, were entirely consumed.

On Tuesday Night last died at his House in Westgate, Mr. John Pawson, an eminent Wine Merchant of this Town.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Nov. 3. Last Thursday, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, the High Court of Justiciary resumed the Trial of Provost Steward, which lasted without Intermission, till Saturday Morning, when the Jury inclosed, and sat 'till Five that Evening; and this Day, at Ten o'Clock, they returned their Verdict, finding the Pannel, *nemine contradicente, Not Guilty:* Upon which the Pannel was dismiss'd from the Bar.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Nov. 3. Saturday laſt came on at the Commiſſion of Oyer and Terminer for the County of Dublin, the Trial of Mr. George King, Currier, for the Murder of three Perſons on the Commons of Kilmainham on the th of Auguſt laſt, on which Day Mr. King, accompany'd by Mr. Spring, Sub-Sheriff of the County, and a Party of Soldiers, went there to ſee a Horſe-Race, who, as was alledged, had broke down ſome Ditches belonging to Mr. King, adjoining to the Common, when three Men were unfortunately ſhot. The Trial laſted 'till Eight at Night, when the Jury brought him in guilty; but on Account of Mr. King's general good Character, the Jury earneſtly recommended him as an Object of Mercy.

Yeſterday Mr. King was brought up to Court, and ſentenced to be executed on Saturday the 21ſt Inſtant.

Thurſday died the Hon. Richard St. Laurence, Brother to the Lord Howth.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Hague, Nov. 2, *O. S.* The Affair of making the Succeſſion to the Stadtholderſhip hereditary in the illuſtrious Houſe of Orange and Naſſau is now ſettled, and we are informed, that his Serene Highneſs has this Day laid before the States of Holland a Propoſal for the future regulating of the diſpoſal of Employments, which has been unanimouſly approved of by all the Members of the State.

ITALY.

Leghorn, Oct. 10, *O. S.* Letters from Corſica adviſe, that Col. Rivarola, with his Adherents, continues to keep the Ground in that Iſland, that their Number encreaſes daily, and that they are even preparing to return to Baſtia, in Expectation of being ſupported by ſome Engliſh Men of War in that Expedition.

Duke Aqua, Oct. 13, *O. S.* The Enemy have found Means to diſengage Ventimiglia, by attacking General Leutrick at Bauſſi-Roſſi with ſuperior Forces. In his Retreat they ſurrounded his Rear-Guard, compos'd of a Company of Grenadiers, beſides ten or twelve other Men, and made them Priſoners of War. We are under no Apprehenſions of being attack'd in Front, our Entrenchments, which extend from Raus to the Bordighera, being in very good Order, and well guarded.

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The Maxims of Government, in an Advice to a Republick: Shewing how it ought to govern itſelf, in order to perpetuate its Dominion. Which are alſo conſider'd the ſeveral Intereſts of all the Princes of Europe, with reſpect to the Affairs of Italy. By Father Paul, Counſellor of State.

The Art of Negociating with Sovereign Princes; of the Uſefulneſs of Negociations; of the Choice of Ambaſſadors; of the Qualifications neceſſary in that Employment. By Monſ. Calliere, Counſellor and Secretary to Lewis XIV. and Plenipotentiary at Ryſwick.

A Treatiſe concerning the Revolutions in Kingdoms.

Concerning the Cauſes of Revolutions, and the different Species of Them that Kingdoms are ſubject to.

A Diſcourſe of voluntary Servitude, wrote in French by Stephen de la Boetia, one of the King's Counſellors in the Court of the Parliament at Bourdeaux.

Printed for G. STRAHAN, at the Golden-Ball, oppoſite the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

This Day is publiſhed,

(Price One Shilling)

PART II. *of*

LIBERTY and RIGHT;

OR,

An ESSAY, Hiſtorical and Political, on the CONSTITUTION and ADMINISTRATION of *Great-Britain.*

Humbly offer'd to the Conſideration of every Man, but more eſpecially to the Conſideration of the ELECTORS and FREEHOLDERS of Great Britain, and their REPRESENTATIVES in Parliament.

Ut enim tutela ſic procuratio Reipublicæ, ad utilitatem eorum qui commiſſi ſunt, non ad eorum quibus commiſſa eſt, gerenda eſt. CIC.

Qui autem parti civium conſulant, partem negligunt, rem perniciоſiſſimam in civitatem inducunt, ſeditione atque diſcordiam; ex quo evenit, ut alii populares, alii ſtudioſi optimi cujuſque, videantur; pauci univerſorum. *Idem.*

Sold by J. ROBINSON in Ludgate-Street, and G. STRAHAN at the Golden-Ball, oppoſite to the Royal Exchange; alſo at all the Bookſellers and Pamphlet-Shops in London and Weſtminſter.

Where may be had, Part I.

N. B. The above is enter'd in Stationers-Hall.

Where alſo may be had,

A JOURNAL of what paſſed at *GENOA* and its Territories, from the Irruption which the Auſtrians and Piedmonteſe Armies made into the Valleys of Polſevera and Biſagno, to their Retreat.

Dr. BANYER's Sermon on the 30th of January laſt, before the Lord-Mayor and Aldermen at St. Paul's, London.

An Account of the CHRISTIAN CHURCH, as laid down in the New Teſtament, and confirmed by Antiquity, briefly conſider'd, in order to promote Truth and Unity.

The Whole Duty of a Chriſtian, by Way of Queſtion and Anſwer; exactly purſuant to the Method of The Whole Duty of Man. By ROBERT NELSON, Eſq;

ESSAYS on ſeveral Moral Subjects, in Three Parts, viz.

I. Upon Pride, Cloaths, Duelling, General Kindneſs, and the Weakneſs of Human Reaſon.

II. Of Fame, Muſic, the Value of Life, the Spleen, Friendſhip, and Popularity, a Thought, of the Entertainment of Books, Confidence, Envy, againſt Deſpair, of Covetouſneſs, Liberty, Old Age, and Pleaſure.

III. Of Pain, Revenge, Authors, Power, Infancy and Youth, Riches and Poverty, Whoredom, Drunkenneſs, Uſury, Solitude, Diſcontent, and Gaming.

By JEREMY COLLIER, *M. A.*

Likewiſe a Seaſonable Advice to Youth.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE ſhorteſt, ſafe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleaſant to take, and as eaſy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; ſo that the unfortunate Patient gets ſuddenly and ſurprizingly well, without Diſtaſte to his Palate, the leaſt Diſorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now ſo well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTISYPHILICON that Radcliffe and Garth uſed to ſay would totally extirpate the Venereal Diſeaſe from the Face of the Earth, were it but univerſally known, and properly taken. Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it preſently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a ſafe, gentle, and pleaſant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Perſons, in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary; nor can the deepeſt Scurvy, Rheumatiſm, Gout, Evil, or Leproſy, ſtand before it, but are pleaſantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the higheſt and moſt inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Diſeaſe; which, with all its moſt raging Symptoms, it ſoon eradicates, reſtoring Health, Strength, and Vigor to the Body. Thoſe who once take it, will never have Recourſe to any Thing elſe.

One Pot in moſt Caſes is ſufficient for a Cure, and can only be had at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, at 6 s. a Pot, ſealed up with a Book of Inſtructions, in which all Perſons may fully underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poiſon is rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.

No Letters anſwered unleſs Poſt-paid.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO deſtructive to the Conſtitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by draining away the Radical Moiſture or very Eſſence of Life, and inducing Conſumptions, Nervous Diſorders, &c. but to Poſterity alſo, inaſmuch as thoſe afflicted with ſuch Gleetings, if not wholy diſabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miſerable, and ſhort-liv'd Iſſue.

Theſe waſting Gleetings, occaſion'd by Self-pollution, exceſſive Venery, ſevere Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almoſt all Phyſicians and Surgeons to be ſo very difficult to overcome, are now ſo certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Reſtrictive Balſamick Electuary, that no one, how bad ſoever, need deſpair of being entirely ſet to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country now ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon in thoſe Caſes. This Grand Medicine is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, London, at 6 s. a Pot, ſeal'd up, with a Book of Inſtructions, highly neceſſary to be read by all Perſons whoever were afflicted with any Diſorder of the Seminal Veſſels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary.

No Letters anſwer'd unleſs Poſt-paid.

BANKRUPT.

Edward Hulitt, of Rotherhithe in the County of Surry, Glazier.

This Day is publiſhed,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have allready injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe clear'd up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with one's ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr. QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinion of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words.

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr ISTED, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 s. 6 d.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovelaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolufles, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s 6 d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely routed out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL *judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio sui, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption which frequently terminate in Death itself.*

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, should doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they must assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and prisline Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, in an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a Safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Disease is intirely extirpated or not. Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post paid.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(*Son in Law to the late Mr.* JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Business*)

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the same Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing necessary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Perfection, to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

He deals only for READY MONEY.

His House faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel-Street, in the Strand.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without any sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, do at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Ache, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases, which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and ennen the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

The most Noble ELIXIR

For Hypochondriack Melancholy *in Men, and the* Hysterick Disease, *or* Vapors *in Women.*

IN three Days Time, demonstrates to every one who takes it, that it is absolutely infallible for the thorough Cure of those perplexing Indispositions, even in their highest and most grievous Degree, where nothing but Horror reigns, where Reasoning is interrupted or depraved, and where the Mind is confused with terrible Perturbations, Anxieties, and Despondency even to Distraction, and the Body afflicted with almost innumerable Ailments.

It's surprizing to see how soon this CELEBRATED ELIXIR (even a few Doses of it only) entirely cures all the vast Variety of Symptoms, and induces a new train of chearful and pleasant Ideas, instead of those deep and black thoughts, those direful Apprehensions that so tenaciously dwelt upon the Soul, clouded the Understanding, and destroyed all notion of ever receiving Comfort again; for it occasions a flow of undisturbed Spirits, and causes bright gleams of Joy to break in upon the Heart, and chaseaway the wholeload of depressed and melancholy Imaginations so effectually, that the Patients are suddenly reliev'd both in Body and Mind, and now enjoying perfect Health, free and lively Spirits, steady, serene and gay Thoughts, stand as much amazed that they could be chain'd down to such a dismal way of Thinking, such dreadful Fears, and dark incumbrances, as before, they were hopeless of ever getting free from them.

In a Word, the Effect of this most Noble Elixir, in so suddenly and infallibly curing *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in Men, and the *Hysterick Disease*, or *Vapours* in Women, in all their Shapes and Appearances, even after all other Remedies have proved fruitless, is inexpressible, as the vast Numbers of both Sexes who have been perfectly cured by it, with the utmost Satisfaction declare.

It occasions no manner of Disorder, is pleasant to take, a few Drops of it are a Dose, and is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

The only True Specifick TINCTURE

For the TOOTH-ACH, and all Disorders and Defects of the TEETH and GUMS whatever, which has given such intire Satisfaction to the Nobility and Gentry for above these Twenty Years past, by its vastly excelling all other Things, either formerly invented or lately contrived for these Purposes;

SINCE one Drop of it gives infallible and instant Ease in the most tormenting Pain, when nothing else will, and not only takes it away in a Moment, but absolutely cures the TOOTH-ACH, so as certainly to prevent its Return.

At only once using, it makes the foulest Teeth most beautifully white, assuredly fastens those that are loose, and infallibly preserves the Teeth from growing rotten, and those a little decayed, from becoming worse: It perfectly cures the Scurvy in the Gums, causing them to grow up to the Teeth again to Admiration, and also occasions a sweet Breath.

It is neither disagreeable to the Smell or Taste, but effectually preserves the Teeth and Gums from all manner of Foulness, Corruption and Putrefaction, keeps them sound, good, and in most beautiful Order, and may be depended upon to answer the Character here given of it, literally, and in every Respect, as Persons innumerable have experienced.

But these inimitable Qualities, and solely inherent Virtues by which it has justly gained such an universal and unparallell'd great Character, have occasion'd, as usual in such Cases, various and frequent Endeavours to mimick it, some under the same Name, and in the very Words of this Advertisement, and others under other Names; be careful, therefore, to have the right, which may be infallibly relied upon, and which is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewoman at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

Good Allowance to those who take Quantities for Exportation.

For the immediate Cure of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from what Cause soever,*

And also of IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *however occasion'd, or of ever so long Standing,*

The Famous and Inestimable PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Barrenness in Women, and Impotency in Men in the Universe, and which never accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling, opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, increasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition, banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and Great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by fast living or otherwise, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch, that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it self.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavnor, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

These are the *Gnawing* WORMS,

THAT Keep Persons (and mostly Children) in such an Ill State of Health, that No Body can Tell What They Ail, Till after their EATING only ONE, or 2, of the Famous Little SUGAR PLUMS, They See These WORMS to Come VISIBLY, Away,

ALIVE, & CRAWLING About

In the CLOSE STOOL, After They are *Voided*,

And, In TWO Days only, Have been Quite WELL,

Whereas, Before, They were always Ailing. Price, 12d. a Dozen. Or, Any Person may Buy ONE Only Single PLUM, for a PENNY, for a Child. Or, 2, or 3, Or, what they please, of them.——Or, SIX Dozen for 5s. For Charitable Ladies, and Others, in the Country, to Give Away, to their Poor Neighbours, for Themselves, and their Sick Children.

Sold At Mr. BURCHELL's, At the Sign of the Famous ANODYNE NECCLACE, and of the SUGAR PLUMS, and those Filthy Ugly WORMS, in a Large GILT FRAME, Affixt to it, in LONG-ACRE, Next Drury Lane. ——London.——Where is GIVEN GRATIS,

For the Year 1748. A NEW

ALMANACK. Con-

taining Those Things throughout the Year, Which All the Common Almanacks Ought to Mention, Yet,

NONE of Them, Speak a Word of, And, Are Such QUITE NEW Things, ESPECIALLY for the LADIES,—As

Not only NO Almanack, EVER Had, Before.——But, There is NO LADY, but will be most HIGHLY DELIGHTED with it.——And, That EVERY LADY, Person, and Family From London, to the REMOTEST Village in the Nation, May have this NEW ALMANACK,

It is GIVEN Gratis to ANY One, in LONG-ACRE.

Families, so Vastly Like these SUGAR PLUMS,——That

VERY, Very Few, that Come for this NEW ALMANACK, But, ALSO, Ask At the Same Time, (To Save the Trouble of Coming, Or Sending Again, for them) for Some (Tho' it be but ONE, or TWO only) of these Rare Little SUGAR PLUMS, to Take Home, With them.

BUT, Beware not only of those COUNTERFEITS that are At the Royal Exchange, But also NOW, of Buying Any NECKLACES, Sugar Plums, Or Any Other of the Original Author's Remedies, still, At the Old Place, At Temple-Bar, Because his ANODYNE NECKLACES, SUGAR PLUMS, and Other Remedies, having been Above 30 Years Sold There, Many Persons may still Go There for them, as they Used to do But, They are desired to Take Notice, That COUNTERFEITS are Now CRAFTILY Placed by the same Person, from the Royal Exchange, to be Sold There, To CATCH Those Customers for ANODYNE NECKLACES, &c. who Know Nothing of their being Removed Entirely from Thence, to LONG ACRE, where, You'll be sure to have no COUNTERFEITS.

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